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बडा लालपुर,चांदमारी, सिंधोरा रोड, वाराणसी

Section - A

- 1. Which of the following **DOE SNOT** apply to triplex DNA?
 - (a) It is triple stranded in nature.
 - (b) It requires only Hoogstein hydrogen bonding.
 - (c) It requires Watson-Crick hydrogen bonding.
 - (d) It forms at neutral or acidic pH.
- 2. A C-terminal KDEL motif will most often ensure:
 - (a) The protein to be folded by hsc70.
 - (b) The protein to be degraded by the ubiquitinproteasomepathway.
 - (c) Secretion of the protein.
 - (d) ER-retention of the protein.
- 3. 5-Methylcytosines are common sites for mutations because they?
 - (a) Are not recognized by the proofreading activity of DNA polymerase.
 - (b) Can mispair with adenine.
 - (c) Can deaminate to thymidine.
 - (d) Prevent discrimination between the daughter andparental strand.
- 4. Nickel Nitriloacetic acid columns are used in _____ chromatography:
 - (a) Ion exchange
 - (b) Affinity
 - (c) Size exclusion
 - (d) Reverse phase
- 5. The antibiotic that resembles the 3' end of the chargedtRNA molecule is
 - (a) Tetracycline
 - (b) Puromycin
 - (c) Kanamycin
 - (d) Steptomycin
- 6. Mitochondria are involved in the following except:
 - (a) ATP production
 - (b) Glycosylation
 - (c) Fatty acid biosynthesis
 - (d) TCA cycle
- 7. Mycoplasmas are bacterial cells that:
 - (a) Fail to reproduce in artificial media.
 - (b) Have a rigid cell wall.
 - (c) Are resistant to penicillin.
 - (d) Stain well with Gram's stain.
- 8. The technique for identifying the nucleic acid sequencesbound by a DNA/RNA binding protein is:
 - (a) Finger printing
 - (b) Foot printing
 - (c) Array printing
 - (d) AFLP
- 9. To know the structural similarity between two proteins, the server to use is:
 - (a) PRODOM
 - (b) PROSITE
 - (c) TREMBLE
 - (d) DALI
- 10. Which of the following is a molecular chaperone?
 - (a) Dna G
 - (b) Dna A
 - (c) Lysozyme
 - (d) Dna K

- 11. Activation of phospholipase C initiates a sequence of events including all of the following, except:
 - (a) Release of inositol 4,5-biphosphate from a phospholipid.
 - (b) Increase in intracellular Ca2+ concentration.
 - (c) Release of diacylglycerol from phospholipid.
 - (d) Activation of protein kinase C.
- 12. 5' RACE is often necessary to:
 - (a) Delete sequences from 5' end of the DNA strand.
 - (b) Label 5'end of DNA with a dye.
 - (c) Clone 5' region of genes from Mrna.
 - (d) Add sequences at 5' end to facilitate annealing of aspecific primer.
- 13. Activation of genes in euchromatic regions is an outcome of------of histone N-terminal tails.
 - (a) Deacylation
 - (b) Methylation
 - (c) Hyperacetylation
 - (d) Phosphorylation
- 14. Integration of phage lambda genome into E. Colichromosome is by:
 - (a) COS sites.
 - (b) Random integration by the function of e-14 element in the chromosome.
 - (c) site specific recombination.
 - (d) red gene mediated recombination.
- 15. 3' Overhangs of 2-bp length are found in:
 - (a) Genome-length RNA of CaMV.
 - (b) Subgenomic RNAs of RNA viruses.
 - (c) Tag polymerase-amplified DNA fragments.
 - (d) Short RNA fragments involved in RNA silencing.
- 16. Matrix Attachment Regions are involved in:
 - (a) Specific attachment of pathogens to the cell surface.
 - (b) Formation of clathrin-coated vesicles.
 - (c) Genomic compartmentalization creating chromatin domains favourable for transcription.
 - (d) Transport of spliced mRNA from the nucleus to the cytoplasm.
- 17. The biosafety problem due to spread of transgenes fromtransgenic plants to its wild relatives can be avoided by:
 - (a) Developing transgenic plants with herbicide markers.
 - (b) Posi-Tech selection using non-antibiotic markerslike pmi.
 - (c) Developing transplastomic lines.
 - (d) Elimination of markers using Cre/lox system.
- 18. Full expression of the lac operon requires:
 - (a) Lactose and cAMP
 - (b) Allolactose and cAMP
 - (c) cAmp
 - (d) Lactose
- 19. An enzyme that induces double strand breaks in DNA and rejoins them is called:
 - (a) Restriction endonuclease
 - (b) DNA gyrase
 - (c) DNA ligase
 - (d) DNA polymerase
- 20. Which of the following best describes interferon's suspected mode of action in producing resistance to viral infection?
 - (a) It stimulates cell-mediated immunity.
 - (b) It stimulates humoral immunity.
 - (c) Its direct antiviral action is related to the suppression of messenger RNA formation.
 - (d) Its action is related to the synthesis of a protein that inhibits translation or transcription.

- 21. The most sensitive method of detecting infection by cytomegalovirus (CMV) in the new born is:
 - (a) Isolation of the virus.
 - (b) Identification of characteristic cells in gastric secretions.
 - (c) Detection of IgM antibody by immunofluorescence.
 - (d) Direct detection of antigen by ELISA.
- 22. In Staphylococci, antibiotic resistance genes can existeither on plasmids or chromosomes. The genes arecarried by:
 - (a) Prophage
 - (b) Free DNA
 - (c) Transposons
 - (d) Protein A
- 23. The main host defense against bacterial exotoxins is:
 - (a) Activation of macrophages secreting proteases.
 - (b) Production of IgG and IgM antibodies.
 - (c) Activation of helper T cells.
 - (d) Modulation of the host cell receptors in response to the toxin.
- 24. The effects of endotoxin include each of the following except:
 - (a) Opsonization.
 - (b) Fever.
 - (c) Activation of the coagulation cascade.
 - (d) Hypotension.
- 25. Which of the following statements is TRUE concerning Natural Killer (NK) cells?
 - (a) They belong to T-cell lineage.
 - (b) They belong to B-cell lineage.
 - (c) They kill bacterially infected cells.
 - (d) They display cytotoxic effect on tumor cells.
- 26. The E-value in a BLAST search measures:
 - (a) The probability that the search result is non-random.
 - (b) The significance of the search result.
 - (c) The probability that the search result is obtained randomly.
 - (d) The reliability of the search.
- 27. During protein evolution the region of protein mostprone to mutation is:
 - (a) Functional domain.
 - (b) Structurally conserved domain.
 - (c) Connective loops.
 - (d) Hydrophobic domain.
- 28. Operon having positive and negative regulation by single regulatory protein is:
 - (a) Lac operon
 - (b) Trp operon
 - (c) Ara operon
 - (d) His operon
- 29. Uvr ABC endonuclease is present in which repair system?
 - (a) Mismatch repair
 - (b) Nucleotide excision repair
 - (c) Base excision repair
 - (d) SOS repair
- 30. The first commercially produced plant secondary metabolite using bioreactor technology is:
 - (a) Shikonin
 - (b) Colchicine
 - (c) Cercosporin
 - (d) Cytokinin

- 31. You can patent a product/process only if it is:
 - (a) A major discovery reported in high impact journals.
 - (b) Novel, non-obvious and usable.
 - (c) New and extension of earlier principles.
 - (d) New applications of a patented product.
- 32. The hydrogen-bonding pattern in alpha helices is
 - (a) n to n+4
 - (b) n to n+3
 - (c) n to n+5
 - (d) n-1 to n
- 33. Calf thymus terminal deoxynucleotidyl transferase:
 - (a) Adds nucleotide to the 3'OH terminus of a DNA molecule.
 - (b) Adds nucleotide to the 5' P terminus of a DNA molecule.
 - (c) Removes nucleotide from the 3'OH terminus of a DNA molecule.
 - (d) Removes nucleotide from 5' P terminus of a DNA molecule.
- 34. The rate of renaturation of DNA is governed by the equation
 - (a) $dc/dt = -kC^2$
 - (b) $dt/dc = -kC^2$
 - (c) $dt/dc = kC^2$
 - (d) dc/dt = 2Kc
- 35. The enzyme of choice for converting DNA with 3'endoverhang into a blunt ended one is:
 - (a) Klenow fragment of DNA Polymerase I.
 - (b) DNA Polymerase I holoenzyme.
 - (c) T4 DNA polymerase.
 - (d) S1 nuclease.
- 36. If you want literature information, which is the best website to visit?
 - (a) OMIM
 - (b) Entrez
 - (c) PubMed
 - (d) PROSITE
- 37. What would be the likely explanation for the existence of pseudogenes?
 - (a) Gene duplication.
 - (b) Gene duplication and mutation events.
 - (c) Mutation events.
 - (d) Unequal crossing over.
- 38. The -helical motifs of gene regulatory proteins generally bind to:
 - (a) Major groove of A-DNA.
 - (b) Minor groove of B-DNA.
 - (c) Major groove of B-DNA.
 - (d) Sugar-phosphate backbone of A-DNA.
- 39. Which of the following ionizes at physiological pH?
 - (a) glycine
 - (b) Alanine
 - (c) Histidine
 - (d) Purine
- 40. A peptide bond:
 - (a) Has a partial double bond character.
 - (b) Is stable in strong acids.
 - (c) Occurs most commonly in cis configuration.
 - (d) Is cleaved by agents that denature proteins, such as organic solvents and high concentrations of urea.

- 41. The complete denaturation of a protein leads to a loss of the following structure(s):
 - (a) Primary.
 - (b) Primary and tertiary.
 - (c) Primary and secondary.
 - (d) Secondary and tertiary.
- 42. HeLa cell line is derived from which type of carcinoma?
 - (a) Lung
 - (b) Colon
 - (c) Cervical
 - (d) Brain
- 43. Vinblastine, a chemotherapeutic agent, inhibits:
 - (a) Microtubule polymerization.
 - (b) Microtubule depolymerization.
 - (c) Spindle formation.
 - (d) Actin polarisation.
- 44. Turner's syndrome is due to:
 - (a) XXY
 - (b) XXO
 - (c) XO
 - (d) XXX
- 45. Which one of the following is **NOT** an antigen presenting cell?
 - (a) Dendritic Cell
 - (b) B Cell
 - (c) Macrophage
 - (d) Natural Killer cell
- 46. Bird flu in last decade was caused by:
 - (a) H5N1
 - (b) H3N2
 - (c) H1N1
 - (d) H2N1
- 47. Ultraviolet radiation causes DNA damage by formation of:
 - (a) Cytidine dimer
 - (b) Thymidine dimer
 - (c) Adenine dimer
 - (d) Guanine dimer
- 48. Autoreactive cells are present in our immune system due to:
 - (a) Increased tolerance.
 - (b) Defective thymic selection.
 - (c) Peripheral deletion.
 - (d) Breakdown of host immunity.
- 49. Which one of the following microbes removes oil spills by digesting hydrocarbons?
 - (a) Helicobacter sp.
 - (b) Pseudomonas sp.
 - (c) Trichoderma sp.
 - (d) Staphylococcus sp.
- 50. Apart from gas transport Hemoglobin plays an important role in:
 - (a) Red cell morphology.
 - (b) blood buffering.
 - (c) globin synthesis.
 - (d) bone marrow regeneration.



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Section B

- 51. The smallest genome among the plants listed below is that of:
 - (a) Gossypium sp
 - (b) Oryza sativa
 - (c) Arabidopsis thaliana
 - (d) Arachis hypogaea
- 52. Porins
 - (a) Are cytoskeletal proteins.
 - (b) Form channels which allow passage of hydrophilic molecules.
 - (c) Are fatty acids.
 - (d) Are pores in the stem of a plant.
- 53. nif genes which encode the nitrogenase complex and other enzymes involve:
 - (a) Ammonification
 - (b) Nitrogen fixation
 - (c) Nitrification
 - (d) Denitrification
- 54. ABA is a:
 - (a) Growth promoter
 - (b) Stress hormone
 - (c) Protein
 - (d) Polyamine
- 55. EMS is a mutagen capable of causing:
 - (a) Large deletions.
 - (b) Single base substitutions.
 - (c) Translocations.
 - (d) Chromosomal rearrangements.
- 56. Enucleated protoplast is called:
 - (a) Cybrid
 - (b) Tonoplast
 - (c) Cytoplast
 - (d) Duplast
- 57. The gene which is suppressed by another nonallelic gene through interaction is known as:
 - (a) Epistatic
 - (b) Incomplete
 - (c) Hypostatic
 - (d) Homologs
- 58. Cleistogamy occurs in:
 - (a) Rice
 - (b) Barley
 - (c) Maize
 - (d) Pearl millet
- 59. Doubled haploid lines can be generated by:
 - (a) Protoplast fusion
 - (b) Transformation
 - (c) Anther culture
 - (d) RNAi technology
- 60. A mapping method for identifying markers linked to atrait of interest in a natural population is called:
 - (a) Linkage mapping
 - (b) Association mapping
 - (c) Transcriptome mapping
 - (d) Chromosome walking

- 61. Break down of Gibberellic acid is mediated by:
 - (a) GA 20 Oxidase
 - (b) GA 2 Oxidase
 - (c) GA 3 Oxidase
 - (d) Kaurene Oxidase
- 62. SSR markers are:
 - (a) Dominant
 - (b) Co-dominant
 - (c) Epistatic
 - (d) Recessive
- 63. Isopentenyl transferase is an enzyme involved in:
 - (a) Cytokinin synthesis
 - (b) Auxin synthesis
 - (c) Proline synthesis
 - (d) Purine synthesis
- 64. Luciferase gene (luc) is isolated from:
 - (a) E. coli
 - (b) Aequorea victoria
 - (c) Photinus pyralis
 - (d) Bacillus sp.
- 65. Slender (slr) mutant in rice is due to mutation in:
 - (a) GA signaling
 - (b) ABA signalling
 - (c) Auxin signalling
 - (d) Cytokinin signaling
- 66. Biological nitrogen fixation occurs when atmospheric nitrogen is converted into:
 - (a) Ammonia
 - (b) Nitrate
 - (c) Nitrite
 - (d) Nitrogen dioxide
- 67. It was possible to engineer genes of interest between right and left border of T-DNA of Agrobacterium for plant transformation because:
 - (a) T-DNA is nontoxic.
 - (b) T-DNA is not required by Agrobacterium.
 - (c) The agrobacterial genes essential for mobilization of the T-DNA lie outside the TDNA.
 - (d) T-DNA cannot function in plants.
- 68. Integration of more than one copy of transgene is **NOT** desirable because:
 - (a) It can make more transcript than needed.
 - (b) It can cause toxicity.
 - (c) It can cause mutation in the gene of interest.
 - (d) It can induce gene silencing.
- 69. Systemic acquired resistance:
 - (a) Is an enhanced resistance exhibited by uninfected plant tissue through a memory of previous infection.
 - (b) Is an resistance exhibited by plants towards any pathogen.
 - (c) Is a resistance acquired by a sensitive plant through breeding.
 - (d) Is a resistance exhibited by bacterial pathogenstowards a large number of antibiotics.
- 70. rasiRNAs are involved in:
 - (a) Heterochromatinization of DNA through histone tail modification.
 - (b) Post transcriptional RNA degradation.
 - (c) Degradation of proteins.

- (d) Heterochromatinization of DNA through methylation at cytosine residues.
- 71. The first product of photosynthesis in C3 plants is:
 - (a) Glycerate 3 phosphate.
 - (b) Malate.
 - (c) Glycerate 1,3 bisphosphate.
 - (d) Phosphoenol pyruvate.
- 72. Which of the following reactor systems is generally used to generate microbial mutants?
 - (a) CSTR system
 - (b) BSTR system
 - (c) PBR system
 - (d) FBR system
- 73. In microbial fermentation, generally inhibitors:
 - (a) Are consumed by the microbes.
 - (b) Are incorporated in the synthesized molecule.
 - (c) Help in combating contamination.
 - (d) Help in the production of desired products.
- 74. Product yield coefficient is defined as:
 - (a) Cell mass formed: substrate utilized.
 - (b) Substrate utilized: cell mass formed.
 - (c) Product formed: substrate utilized.
 - (d) Substrate utilized: product formed.
- 75. Which of the following reactors would have mixing profiles that are closest to plug flow?
 - (a) A continuous air lift bioreactor.
 - (b) A continuous fluidized bed bioreactor.
 - (c) A continuous packed bed reactor.
 - (d) Continuous stirred tank reactors with biomass recycle.
- 76. Which of the following antibiotics/toxicants acts by interfering with the phosphodiester bond formation?
 - (a) Rifamycin
 - (b) Actinomycin
 - (c) a amanitin
 - (d) Penicillin
- 77. Diphtheria toxin blocks protein synthesis by:
 - (a) ADP ribosylation of EF-2.
 - (b) Phosphorylating EF-1.
 - (c) Inhibiting peptidyl transferase activity.
 - (d) ADP ribosylation of EF-G.
- 78. By a single experiment how would you know that the stationary phase in a batch culture is due to substrate depletion or toxin accumulation?
 - (a) By adding highly concentrated substrate in the stationary phase.
 - (b) By adding more substrate in the stationary phase.
 - (c) By diluting the broth by sterilized water in the stationary phase.
 - (d) By extracting toxin from the broth in the stationary phase.
- 79. The average value of dissolved oxygen concentration in water is:
 - (a) 10 mg/l
 - (b) 100 mg/l
 - (c) 160 mg/l
 - (d) 1 mg/l
- 80. Seitz filter is made of:
 - (a) Diatomaceous earth
 - (b) Porcelain
 - (c) Asbestos pad
 - (d) Sintered glass disks

- 81. A fungal disease Moniliasis is caused by:
 - (a) Filobasidiella neoformans.
 - (b) Candida albicans.
 - (c) Blastomyces dermatitidis.
 - (d) Histoplasma capsulatum.
- 82. Which of the following tests is done for the diagnosis of scarlet fever?
 - (a) Frei test
 - (b) Tuberculin test
 - (c) Ducrey test
 - (d) Schultz-Charlton test
- 83. In a plant scale reactor temperature is controlled by passing cold water:
 - (a) Through jacket only.
 - (b) Through internal coil only.
 - (c) Through both jacket and internal coil.
 - (d) By sprinkling cold water on the wall of the reactor.
- 84. The Robertsonian translocation that is most widelydistributed in cattle populations worldwide is referred to as:
 - (a) Roberson's anomaly
 - (b) Anderson's anomaly
 - (c) Gustavsson's anomaly
 - (d) Smith's anomaly
- 85. An example of a motile microorganism is:
 - (a) Brucella
 - (b) Lactobacillus
 - (c) Shigella
 - (d) Pseudomonas
- 86. Which one of the following is an unprotected fermentation?
 - (a) Ethanol production
 - (b) Citric acid production
 - (c) Antibiotic production
 - (d) Enzyme production
- 87. A method commonly used to determine the level of damage of animal cells in a culture medium is to monitor:
 - (a) The concentration of lactate in the medium.
 - (b) The level of lactate oxidase activity in the medium.
 - (c) The level of lactate dehydrogenase activity.
 - (d) The level of laccase activity in the medium.
- 88. Vortexing in stirred tank reactor can be reduced by using:
 - (a) An axial flow impeller
 - (b) A turbine impeller
 - (c) Baffles in the reactor
 - (d) Multiple impellers
- 89. In which type of chromatography are ion-pairing agents used for elution?
 - (a) Hydrophobic Interaction Chromatography.
 - (b) Reverse Phase Chromatography.
 - (c) Ion Exchange Chromatography.
 - (d) Immobilized Metal Anion Chromatography.
- 90. Blocking of 'A' site on the ribosome and thereby inhibiting protein synthesis is the mechanism of action of:
 - (a) Streptomycin
 - (b) Tetracycline
 - (c) Chloramphenicol

- (d) Erythromycin
- 91. Clostridium tetanomorphum is known to produce:
 - (a) Vitamin A
 - (b) Vitamin B
 - (c) Vitamin C
 - (d) Vitamin K
- 92. Multiple antigen peptides (MAPs) are peptide vaccines which are chemically 'stitched' together usually ontoa:
 - (a) Poly-lysine backbone
 - (b) Poly-arginine backbone
 - (c) Poly-methionine backbone
 - (d) Poly-histidine backbone
- 93. Which of the following antibiotics is produced by chemical synthesis?
 - (a) Penicillin
 - (b) Streptomycin
 - (c) Tetracycline
 - (d) Chloramphenicol
- 94. Which of the following obtains energy from the oxidation of inorganic or organic chemicals?
 - (a) Chemotroph
 - (b) Lithotroph
 - (c) Autotroph
 - (d) Heterotroph
- 95. A common clinical pathological finding during a viral infection is:
 - (a) Neutrophilia
 - (b) Eosinophilia
 - (c) Leukopenia
 - (d) Basophilia
- 96. Regimes of the world with an unusually large concentration of various species are called:
 - (a) Natural preserves
 - (b) Cloud forests
 - (c) Landscape
 - (d) Biodiversity hotspots
- 97. Deficiency of lipase enzyme can cause:
 - (a) Muscle cramps
 - (b) Joint inflammation
 - (c) Hepatotoxicity
 - (d) Coma and death
- 98. Which of the following can be grown anaerobically?
 - (a) E. coli
 - (b) S. aureus
 - (c) Pseudomonas
 - (d) Clostridia
- 99. For which of the following, the units of rate constantand rate of reaction are same?
 - (a) 1st order reaction
 - (b) 2nd order reaction
 - (c) 3rd order reaction
 - (d) Zero order reaction
- 100. High density yeast culture represents
 - (a) Pseudoplastic rheology
 - (b) Dilatant rheology
 - (c) Bingham rheology

(d) Casson body rheology
 101. In order to permeabilize yeast cell, it is best to treat with: (a) EDTA and Lysozyme. (b) β-(1, 3) glucanase and protease. (c) β-(1, 6) glucanase. (d) Alkaline hydroxylase.
 102. In Aqueous two-phase extraction, proteins are highly influenced by polymer phase: (a) Low molecular weight. (b) High molecular weight. (c) Similar molecular weight. (d) Medium molecular weight.
 103. In order to fractionate particles based on size which of the following is most suitable? (a) Tubular centrifuge (b) Multichamber centrifuge (c) Disk stack centrifuge (d) Decanter centrifuge
104. Which among the following purification steps initially requires high ionic strength in the sample?(a) Ion exchange chromatography.(b) Hydrophobic interaction chromatography.(c) Chromatofocusing.(d) Preparative chromatography.
 105. Dynamic kinetic resolution of chiral molecules yieldsa maximum of: (a) 50% conversion (b) 100% conversion (c) 75% conversion (d) 25% conversion
106. Unit of nth order rate constant is: (a) (mol L ⁻¹⁾¹⁻ⁿ sec ⁻¹ (b) (mol L ⁻¹) ⁿ⁻¹ sec ⁻¹ (c) (mol ⁻¹ L) ¹⁻ⁿ sec ⁻¹ (d) (mol L ⁻¹) ⁿ⁻¹ sec
 107. The half life of the 1st order reaction is independent of: (a) Square of final substrate. (b) Initial substrate concentration. (c) Final substrate concentration. (d) Cube root of final substrate concentration. 108. In a first order reaction A→B. The plot is astraight line: (a) [A] versus time (t) (b) 1/ [A] versus time (t) (c) In [A] versus time (t) (d) 1/ In [A] versus time (t)
109. Bang's disease is caused by: (a) Corynebacterium pyogeneus (b) Staphylococcus aureus (c) Brucella abortus (d) Salmonella dublin
110. Catalytic efficiency allows a comparison of different enzymes. It is the ratio of:(a) Kcat/Km(b) Km/Kcat(c) Vmax/Kcat(d) Kcat/Vmax



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- 111. Gas gangrene is caused by the bacteria of the genus:
 - (a) Staphylococcus
 - (b) Streptococcus
 - (c) Clostridium
 - (d) Corynebacterium
- 112. Random single displacement enzyme reactions resemble:
 - (a) Competitive inhibition
 - (b) Uncompetitive inhibition
 - (c) Irreversible inhibition
 - (d) Noncompetitive inhibition
- 113. In an enzyme catalyzed reaction, Km = $4 \times 10^{-5} \mu mol/l$, and the rate of reaction (V) at substrate concentration [S] = 1.2×10^{-2} M is 80 $\mu mol/l$ -min.Assuming no inhibitor is present, Vmax is practically equal to:
 - (a) 40 µmol/l-min
 - (b) 80 µmol/l-min
 - (c) 120 µmol/l-min
 - (d) $4.8 \times 10^2 \,\mu\text{mol/l-min}$
- 114. The rate of reaction increases by increase intemperature because:
 - (a) Collision frequency increases.
 - (b) Energy of products decreases.
 - (c) Fraction of molecules possessing energy \geq ET(Threshold energy) increases .
 - (d) Mechanism of reaction is changed.
- 115. If the concentration of the reactants is increased by "X", then the rate constant K becomes:
 - (a) eK/X
 - (b) K
 - (c) K/X
 - (d) D X/K
- 116. Plug flow of both gas phase and liquid phase is acharacteristic of:
 - (a) STR
 - (b) Air-Lift reactor
 - (c) Bubble column reactor
 - (d) Fluidized bed reactor
- 117. The unit of volumetric oxygen transfer coefficient (KLa) is:
 - (a) m²h⁻¹
 - (b) m^3h^{-1}
 - (c) h⁻¹
 - (d) mh⁻¹
- 118. Which of the following statements is not true in case of Chemostat?
 - (a) An increase in flow rate leads to decrease indissolved oxygen tension.
 - (b) Cell recycle leads to increased productivity.
 - (c) If operated with fixed flow rate, steady state is achieved by metabolic control.
 - (d) Maximum cell mass yield is obtained when operating at dilution rate greater than maximum specific growth rate.
- 119. Bacteria utilize glucose preferentially over other sugars through a mechanism called
 - (a) Operon repression
 - (b) Enzyme repression
 - (c) Catabolite repression
 - (d) Catabolite induction
- 120. Syntrophism is a type of:
 - (a) Commensalism
 - (b) Mutualism
 - (c) Parasitism

- (d) Synergism
- 121. When organisms make toxic substances more toxic, the process is called:
 - (a) Bioremediation
 - (b) Biomagnification
 - (c) Biotoxification
 - (d) Bioamplification
- 122. Non-superimposable mirror images having similar molecular formula are called:
 - (a) Cis-trans isomers
 - (b) Geometric isomers
 - (c) Anomers
 - (d) Enantiomers
- 123. One of the following is **NOT** a zoonotic disease:
 - (a) Rabies
 - (b) Anthrax
 - (c) Brucellosis
 - (d) Canine distemper
- 124. A protein antigen requires to be processed in order to make it:
 - (a) Induce tolerance.
 - (b) Facilitatory for clearance by spleen.
 - (c) To produce strong NK cell response.
 - (d) To form peptide-MHC complex.
- 125. Diabetes insipidus is caused due to insufficient level of:
 - (a) Insulin
 - (b) ADH
 - (c) Thyroxine
 - (d) TSH
- 126. Which of the following leukocytes is present in highest number in the human blood?
 - (a) Neutrophil
 - (b) Eosinophil
 - (c) Basophil
 - (d) Macrophage
- 127. In Parkinson's disease there is a predominant loss of:
 - (a) Dopaminergic neurons in the substantia nigra.
 - (b) Cholinergic neurons in the brain stem.
 - (c) Noradrenergic neurons in the locus coeruleus.
 - (d) GABA-ergic neurons in the cortex.
- 128. In Dengue fever the blood cell count that tends to decrease to a dangerous level is of:
 - (a) Basophil
 - (b) Eosinophil
 - (c) Platelet
 - (d) Monocyte
- 129. The co-receptor responsible for the entry of HIV into the host cell is:
 - (a) CCR1
 - (b) CCR5
 - (c) CXCR3
 - (d) CXCR7
- 130. Calcium present in which of the following space stake part in the release of neurotransmitter?
 - (a) Vesicles at the presynaptic terminal.
 - (b) Extracellular space.
 - (c) Intracellular space.
 - (d) Presynaptic terminal in free form.

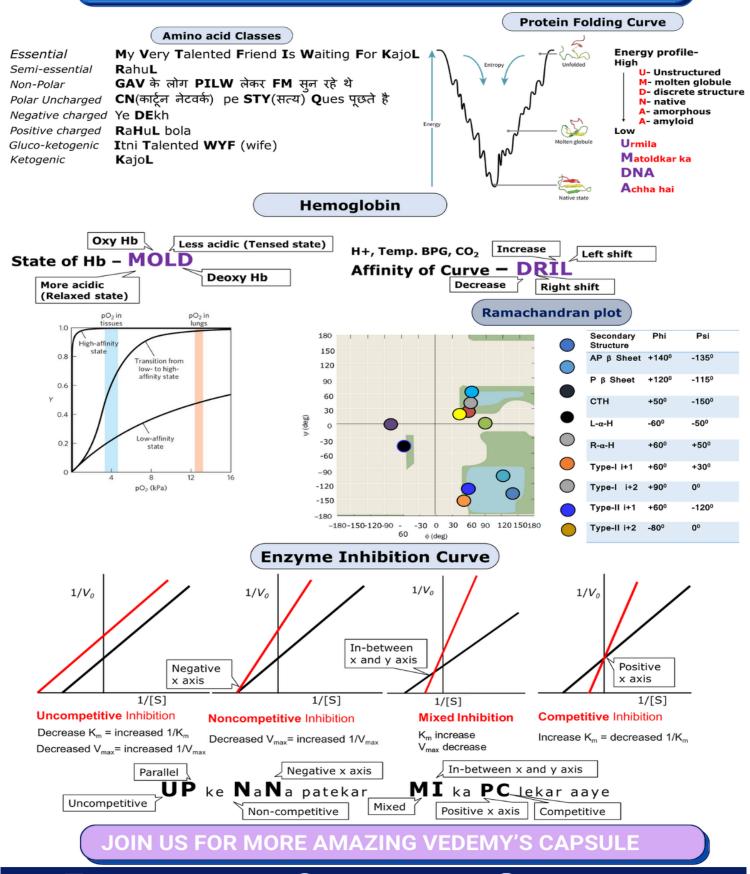
- 131. Maximum concentration of dopaminergic neurons is present in:
 - (a) Locus coeruleus
 - (b) Red nucleus
 - (c) Substantia Nigra
 - (d) Mammillary body
- 132. In Alzheimer's disease there is predominant loss of which type of neurons?
 - (a) Cholinergic
 - (b) Cholinoceptive
 - (c) Noradrenergic
 - (d) Noradrenoceptive
- 133. Under stress condition which of the following pairs of organs plays as haemopoetic organ other than bonemarrow?
 - (a) Both liver and lymph node.
 - (b) Both spleen and liver.
 - (c) Both lymphnode and thymus.
 - (d) Both spleen and thymus.
- 134. Gene therapy through stem cells may be done using:
 - (a) Lentiviral vector
 - (b) Plasmid vector
 - (c) Episomal vector
 - (d) Baculovirus vector
- 135. Defect in the SCID mice may be cured by inserting:
 - (a) ADA gene
 - (b) SCID gene
 - (c) SCDA gene
 - (d) DAA gene
- 136. Insufficiency of the adrenal cortex causes which of the following diseases?
 - (a) Cancer
 - (b) Gout
 - (c) Addison's disease
 - (d) Psoriasis
- 137. Primary colours of vision are:
 - (a) Red, black and yellow.
 - (b) Black, white and green.
 - (c) Orange, yellow and blue.
 - (d) Red, blue and green.
- 138. Thermoregulatory centre is located in the:
 - (a) Cerebellum
 - (b) Cerebral cortex
 - (c) Preoptic area
 - (d) Mammillary body
- 139. Which category of hypersensitivity best describeshemolytic disease of the newborn caused by Rhincompatibility?
 - (a) Atopic or anaphylactic
 - (b) Cytotoxic
 - (c) Immune complex
 - (d) Delayed type
- 140. FMD virus belongs to the family:
 - (a) Parvoviridae
 - (b) Adenoviridae
 - (c) Flaviviridae

- (d) Picornaviridae
- 141. Myasthenic syndromes are caused due to impairment of which of the following receptor types?
 - (a) Acetylcholinergic
 - (b) Dopaminergic
 - (c) GABA-ergic
 - (d) Histaminergic
- 142. DNA vaccination induces:
 - (a) Cytotoxic T-cell response.
 - (b) NK-cell response.
 - (c) Antibody response.
 - (d) Immediate hypersensitivity response.
- 143. Graft rejection is induced by:
 - (a) Antibody response
 - (b) T-helper cell response
 - (c) NK-T cell response
 - (d) Cytotoxic T-cell response
- 144. Antiviral cellular immunity is predominantly mediated by:
 - (a) CD₈+ cytotoxic T lymphocytes
 - (b) Natural Killer cells
 - (c) CD₄+ T lymphocytes
 - (d) Dendritic cells
- 145. Type 2 diabetes is due to:
 - (a) Lack of utilization of insulin.
 - (b) Lack of insulin production.
 - (c) Lack of glucose synthesis.
 - (d) High intake of glucose.
- 146. Which of the following is the best way to detoxify the methanol toxicity if a person drinks methanol?
 - (a) Make the patient drink glucose water.
 - (b) Intravenous injection with steroid.
 - (c) Make the patient drink ethanol.
 - (d) Make the patient drink lemon juice.
- 147. Which of the following protozoan parasites replicates inside the lysosomes?
 - (a) Toxoplasma
 - (b) Leishmania
 - (c) Trypanosoma
 - (d) Plasmodium
- 148. Which of the following hormones initiates biological actions by crossing the plasma membrane and then binding to a receptor?
 - (a) Insulin
 - (b) Glucagon
 - (c) Estradiol
 - (d) Norepinephrine
- 149. Which of the following is **NOT** an RNA virus?
 - (a) Paramyxovirus
 - (b) HIV
 - (c) HPV
 - (d) Picornavirus
- 150. During vigorous exercise lactic acid gets accumulated in skeletal muscle due to:
 - (a) Lack of NADH
 - (b) Lack of NAD+
 - (c) Excess supply of CO₂

- (d) Excess supply of O2
- 151. Structure of amyloid fibril is:
 - (a) Random coil
 - (b) B-sheet
 - (c) a-helix
 - (d) B-barrel
- 152. In meiosis:
 - (a) Chromosomes separate in meiosis I and chromatids separate in meiosis II.
 - (b) Chromosomes separate in meiosis II and chromatids separate in meiosis I.
 - (c) Chromosomes separate in both meiosis I and II.
 - (d) Chromatids separate in both meiosis I and II.
- 153. Which one of the following viruses has been extensively used as expression vector for a number offoreign genes?
 - (a) Vaccinia virus
 - (b) Rotavirus
 - (c) Rabies virus
 - (d) Papilloma virus
- 154. Bovine group A rotavirus contains:
 - (a) ss RNA
 - (b) ds RNA
 - (c) ss DNA
 - (d) ds DNA
- 155. Somatic mutation of immunoglobulin gene accounts for:
 - (a) Allelic exclusion.
 - (b) Class switching from IgM to IgG.
 - (c) Affinity maturation.
 - (d) V(D)J recombination.
- 156. The earliest thymocytes are:
 - (a) CD4-CD8-
 - (b) CD4+CD8+
 - (c) CD4+CD8-
 - (d) CD4-CD8+
- 157. Which one of the following is an enveloped virus?
 - (a) Adenovirus
 - (b) SV40
 - (c) Parvovirus
 - (d) Influenza virus
- 158. Which one of the following mouse immunoglobulins has three domains in the constant region of theheavy chain?
 - (a) IgG2b
 - (b) IgG2a
 - (c) IgE
 - (d) IgA
- 159. Metabolic engineering of E. coli as a commercial source of the fuel ethanol involves alteration of its:
 - (a) Carbohydrate catabolic pathways.
 - (b) Fermentative pathways.
 - (c) TCA cycle.
 - (d) Ability to grow autotrophically.
- 160. Locus coeruleus in the brain possesses maximum concentration of:
 - (a) cholinergic neurons
 - (b) noradrenergic neurons

- (c) astrocytes
- (d) microglia
- 161. A tissue slice (non-dividing cells) was exposed for prolonged time to a chemical. The response of the slice to such chemical gradually reduced. However, if washed and left for some time, the tissue started responding to the same chemical at the same concentration. The reduced response was likely to be due to:
 - (a) Increased apoptosis of the cells.
 - (b) The cells were necrosed.
 - (c) The pH of the medium was changed.
 - (d) The receptors were desensitized/down-regulated.
- 162. In albino Wistar rats the red colour of the blood is due to:
 - (a) Lack of pigmentation.
 - (b) Absence of porphyrin ring in the heme of haemoglobin.
 - (c) Oxidized state of the iron in the heme.
 - (d) Reduced state of the iron in the heme.
- 163. Large calf syndrome primarily occurs in:
 - (a) Naturally born calves.
 - (b) Transgenic calves.
 - (c) Calves produced by IVF.
 - (d) Calves produced by Artificial insemination.
- 164. Patients suffering from tetanus are given antiserum for therapy. This process of immunization is defined as:
 - (a) Active immunization
 - (b) Prophylaxis
 - (c) Booster immunization
 - (d) Passive immunization
- 165. Which of the following is **NOT** a site in humans where invading microorganisms are filtered from body fluids passing through the site?
 - (a) Liver
 - (b) Heart
 - (c) Lung
 - (d) Spleen
- 166. Which of the following serologic tests involves competing antigen-antibody reactions?
 - (a) Complement fixation.
 - (b) ELISA.
 - (c) Agglutination.
 - (d) Fluorescent-tagged immunoglobulins.
- 167. Respiratory Quotient is given by:
 - (a) Moles of CO₂ produced / moles of O₂ consumed.
 - (b) Moles of O₂ consumed / moles of CO₂ produced.
 - (c) Moles of biomass produced / moles of O₂ consumed.
 - (d) Moles of biomass produced/ moles of CO₂ produced.
- 168. By using reference sequencing developed through human genome project, individual differences cannow be analysed by using:
 - (a) SSLPs
 - (b) SNPs
 - (c) SNRPs
 - (d) AFLPs
- 169. A person suffering from a killer disease SCID maybe cured by inserting:
 - (a) ADA gene
 - (b) SCID gene
 - (c) SCDA gene
 - (d) DAA gene

VEDEMY'S CAPSULE (VEDEMY'S SPECIAL NOTES)



- 170. Vitamin E is:
 - (a) Menaquinone
 - (b) a- tocopherol
 - (c) Phylloquinone
 - (d) Retinol
- 171. A channel forming protein produced by cytotoxic Tcellsis:
 - (a) Streptolysis
 - (b) Channelin
 - (c) Porin
 - (d) Perforin
- 172. Cervical cancer is caused by:
 - (a) Papilloma virus
 - (b) Herpes simplex virus
 - (c) Hepatitis B virus
 - (d) Vesicular stomatitis virus
- 173. The rate of impulse conduction in a nerve depends on:
 - (a) Axon diameter and axon length.
 - (b) Axon length and number of dendrites.
 - (c) Axon diameter and thickness of myelination.
 - (d) Myelination and nuclear size.
- 174. Melatonin is secreted in the:
 - (a) Day time before noon.
 - (b) Day time after noon period.
 - (c) Just before sun set.
 - (d) Dark period.
- 175. Heart rate would increase by the application of:
 - (a) Acetylcholine
 - (b) Adrenaline
 - (c) Cold saline
 - (d) Cold glucose solution
- 176. Posture maintenance is mainly controlled by the:
 - (a) Cerebrum
 - (b) Cerebellum
 - (c) Hypothalamus
 - (d) Mammilary bodies
- 177. Galactosemia is a recessive human disease that is treatable by restricting lactose and glucose in the diet. A couple is heterozugous for the galactosemia gene. If the couple has 4 children, what is the probability that none of the four will have galactosemia?
 - (a) 1/16
 - (b) 9/16
 - (c) 1/256
 - (d) 81/256
- 178. The genetic event that causes transition from membrane-bound to secretory form of IgM is:
 - (a) Somatic Hypermutation
 - (b) V-D-J Recombination
 - (c) Alternative Splicing
 - (d) Gene Jumping
- 179. If the association constant for the binding of a givenhapten to an antibody is 10⁹ M⁻¹ and second orderrate constant for its binding is 10⁸M⁻¹ what would be the rate constant for the dissociation of the hapten from the antibody?
 - (a) 10^{-1} s^{-1}
 - (b) 10 s⁻¹

- (c) 10^{17} s^{-1}
- (d) 10^{-17} s^{-1}
- 180. Idiotypic determinants of a given immunoglobin molecule are located within:
 - (a) Hypervariable regions of heavy and light chains.
 - (b) Constant regions of light chains.
 - (c) Constant regions of heavy chains.
 - (d) The hinge region.
- 181. The best method to demonstrate IgG on the glomerular basement membrane in a kidney tissue section is:
 - (a) Precipitin test.
 - (b) Complement fixation test.
 - (c) Agglutination test.
 - (d) Indirect fluorescent-antibody test.
- 182. Which one of the following substances is **NOT** released by activated helper T-cells?
 - (a) Interleukin-1
 - (b) Gamma interferon
 - (c) Interleukin-2
 - (d) Interleukin-4
- 183. Which of the following produce(s) analgesia and autonomic inhibition?
 - (a) Glycine
 - (b) Glutamate
 - (c) Acetylcholine
 - (d) Opiates
- 184. Which of the following blood cell count decreases rapidly in dengue?
 - (a) Basophil
 - (b) Eosinophil
 - (c) Platelet
 - (d) Monocytes
- 185. Anti-malarial function of quinine is mediated by:
 - (a) Blocking the formation of hemoglobin in the host.
 - (b) Blocking the formation of hemozoin in the parasite.
 - (c) Triggering synthesis of hemoglobin in the host.
 - (d) Triggering synthesis of hemozoin in the parasite.
- 186. SARS is caused by which of the following viruses?
 - (a) Double stranded RNA.
 - (b) Positive sense RNA.
 - (c) Negative sense RNA.
 - (d) Double stranded DNA.
- 187. An inhibitor of sodium dependent glucose transport across the plasma membrane is
 - (a) Ouabain
 - (b) Sodium azide
 - (c) Dicumarol
 - (d) Phlorhizin
- 188. Tyrosine hydroxylase immuno positive neurons are:
 - (a) Only noradrenergic.
 - (b) Only dopaminergic.
 - (c) Either dopaminergic or noradrenergic.
 - (d) Only serotonergic.
- 189. In adult neurogenesis, which of the brain areas has been suggested to play a role in periodic clearance of outdated hippocampal memory traces?
 - (a) Cortex

- (b) Brainstem
- (c) Dentate gyrus
- (d) Hypothalamus
- 190. Antibody to a hapten could be raised without haptencarrierconjugate by injecting:
 - (a) Antiallotypic antibody
 - (b) Antiisotypic antibody
 - (c) Self-antigen
 - (d) Antiidotypic antibody
- 191. phi, psi angles of a peptide segment adopting alpha helical conformation would be around:
 - (a) -78, +59
 - (b) +49, +26
 - (c) -57, -78
 - (d) -60, -40
- 192. Structurally independent unit of protein structure is a:
 - (a) fold
 - (b) domain
 - (c) motif
 - (d) super-fold
- 193. The allowed region in the Ramachandran Plot for three residues (alanine, glycine and proline) decreases in the order:
 - (a) Pro > Gly > Ala
 - (b) Gly > Ala > Pro
 - (c) Ala > Pro > Gly
 - (d) Gly > Pro = Ala
- 194. Which residue, among alanine, arginine, proline and methionine has the lowest propensity to occur in an alpha-helix?
 - (a) Alanine
 - (b) Arginine
 - (c) Proline
 - (d) Methionine
- 195. Which of the following databases is derived from mRNA information?
 - (a) dbEST
 - (b) PDB
 - (c) OMIM
 - (d) HTGS
- 196. Which of the following amino acids is least mutable according to PAM scoring matrix?
 - (a) Alanine
 - (b) Glutamine
 - (c) Methionine
 - (d) Cysteine
- 197. You have two distantly related proteins. Which of the following sets is the best for comparing them?
 - (a) BLOSUM45 or PAM250
 - (b) BLOSUM45 or PAM1
 - (c) BLOSUM80 or PAM250
 - (d) BLOSUM80 or PAM1
- 198. In a sequence database of a given size, which of the following expressions is likely to retrieve more matches (X means any amino acid; any of the residues in square brackets can occupy that position)?
 - (a) D-A-V-I-D
 - (b) [DE]-A-V-I-[DE]
 - (c) [DE]-[AVILM]-X-E
 - (d) D-A-V-E

- 199. Which alignment is used to predict whether two sequences are homologous or NOT?
 - (a) Local
 - (b) Global
 - (c) Pair-wise
 - (d) Multiple
- 200. In sequence analysis, Twilight zone refers to:
 - (a) A zone of domain in a protein sequence
 - (b) A zone of sequence similarity (0-20% identity) but statistically not significant.
 - (c) Substitutions in sequence.
 - (d) A zone of sequence similarity that is statistically significant.

201. BLOCKS refers to:

- (a) Gapped, aligned motif in a multiple sequence alignment.
- (b) Ungapped, aligned motif in a multiple sequence alignment.
- (c) Coding sequences.
- (d) Non-coding sequences.
- 202. CpG islands and codon bias are tools used in eukaryotic genomics to:
 - (a) Identify open reading frames.
 - (b) Differentiate between eukaryotic and prokaryotic DNA sequences.
 - (c) Look for DNA-binding domains.
 - (d) Determine STS.
- 203. The type of algorithm that GENSCAN tool employs is:
 - (a) Neural network
 - (b) Rule-based system
 - (c) Hidden Markovs model
 - (d) Statistics based
- 204. BLASTx is used to:
 - (a) Search a nucleotide database using a nucleotide query.
 - (b) Search protein database using a protein query.
 - (c) Search protein database using a translated nucleotide query.
 - (d) Search translated nucleotide database using a protein guery.
- 205. Which of the following is a retrieval system?
 - (a) Entrez
 - (b) Bioedit
 - (c) Vecscreen
 - (d) Rasmol
- 206. The Smith-Waterman algorithm was developed for:
 - (a) Local pairwise sequence alignment.
 - (b) Global pairwise sequence alignment.
 - (c) Multiple sequence alignment.
 - (d) Structural alignment.
- 207. In Molecular Dynamics simulation the dependence is on:
 - (a) Position only
 - (b) Momentum only
 - (c) Both position and momentum
 - (d) Either position or momentum
- 208. Homology modeling involves:
 - (a) Alignment of the target sequence to the sequence of a template structure.
 - (b) Alignment of the target sequence with multiple sequences with no structural information.
 - (c) Ab initio structure prediction.
 - (d) No input of sequence information.
- 209. Which of the following cases are commonly used in sequence alignment?
 - (a) gap opening penalty = -2, gap extension penalty = -0.5.

- (b) gap opening penalty = -0.5, gap extension penalty = -2.
- (c) gap opening penalty = -100, gap extension penalty = 0.
- (d) gap opening penalty = -100, gap extension penalty = -100.
- 210. CATH database classifies protein domains. CATH stands for:
 - (a) Calssified, Advanced, Technology and Homology.
 - (b) Automatic Classification of Turns and Helices.
 - (c) Class, Architecture, Topology and Homologous superfamily.
 - (d) Classification of Alpha Trans-membrane Helices.
- 211. Ab initio approaches for prediction of protein structure utilize:
 - (a) Sequence similarity.
 - (b) Structural similarity.
 - (c) Both sequence and structural similarity.
 - (d) Basic physicochemical principles.
- 212. To know the structural similarity between two proteins, the server to use is:
 - (a) PRODOM
 - (b) PROSITE
 - (c) TREMBLE
 - (d) DALI
- 213. Quantitative Structure Activity Relationship (QSAR)is used for:
 - (a) Drug design
 - (b) Protein modeling
 - (c) Aligning two sequences
 - (d) Molecular Dynamics simulation
- 214. In protein modeling, molecular mechanics force field is used, because:
 - (a) It takes less time as compared to others.
 - (b) It is more accurate.
 - (c) It guarantees global minimum.
 - (d) It explicitly represents the electrons in a calculation.
- 215. The potential energy for the interaction of two atoms is given by U = A/r12 B/r6. The bottom of the potential well corresponds to:
 - (a) The sum of van der Waals radii of the atoms.
 - (b) The existence of the maximum electrostatic interaction.
 - (c) The situation when the first term vanishes.
 - (d) The situation when the atoms get bonded covalently.
- 216. A protein with mostly hydrophobic residues in the surface is likely to be a:
 - (a) Fibrous protein
 - (b) Globular protein
 - (c) Membrane protein
 - (d) Glycosylated protein
- 217. The overall cost of production of recombinant DNA products for human use, in general increases due to complications in:
 - (a) Upstream processing
 - (b) Fermentation process
 - (c) Downstream processing
 - (d) Formulation process
- 218. Which of the following **DOESNOT** represent a valid amino acid sequence?
 - (a) EINSTEIN
 - (b) CRICK
 - (c) FARADAY
 - (d) WATSON
- 219. Quaternary structure of a protein consists of:
 - (a) Arrangement of one protein chain in a protein with a single subunit.

- (b) Arrangement of separate protein chains in a protein molecule with more than one subunit.
- (c) Arrangement of only parallel and antiparallel -sheets in a protein chain.
- (d) Occurrence of an alpha-helix bundle in a protein chain.
- 220. Among the following, which one is another antiangiogenic factor than Squalamine extracted from Shark?
 - (a) Neovastat
 - (b) Chlorampenciol
 - (c) Streptomycin
 - (d) Histamine
- 221. Which of the following marine sources acts as a Na+channel blocker?
 - (a) Tetradotoxin
 - (b) Conotoxin
 - (c) Carageneen
 - (d) Acetyl choline
- 222. Which of the following proteins was used to create the first transgenic fish?
 - (a) Green Fluorescent protein.
 - (b) Anti-freezing protein.
 - (c) Horseshoe peroxidase.
 - (d) Myosin protein.
- 223. Which of the following provides the best source of prostaglandins?
 - (a) Ctenophores
 - (b) Echinoderms
 - (c) Coral reefs
 - (d) Molluscs
- 224. The DNA replication inhibitor yielded by sponge is:
 - (a) Clathesine
 - (b) Spongosides
 - (c) Spongin
 - (d) Scleorin
- 225. Calyculins are natural products originally isolated from the marine:
 - (a) Mollusk
 - (b) Sea weeds
 - (c) Sponges
 - (d) Mangrove
- 226. Curacin A is a potent anti-tumor agent obtained from a marine:
 - (a) Actinomyces
 - (b) Cyanobacterium
 - (c) Aspergillus
 - (d) Coral reef
- 227. In sea urchins _____ nerve fibers are involved in spawning.
 - (a) Cholinergic
 - (b) Peptidergic
 - (c) Dopaminergic
 - (d) Serotoninergic
- 228. Which of the following is a pollution tolerant species?
 - (a) Shrimp
 - (b) Cuttle fish
 - (c) Isopods
 - (d) Polychaetes
- 229. Sponge cells are capable of constitutively expressing----- and thus resemble tumor cells:
 - (a) DNAse
 - (b) Polymerase

RESULTS हो तो कैसे? VEDEMY जैसे India's BEST Result



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- (c) Helicase
- (d) Telomerase
- 230. Which of the following trend is **NOT** the treatment used for the induction of triploidy in gastropods?
 - (a) Pressure shock
 - (b) Thermal shock
 - (c) 6-dimethylamino purine
 - (d) Osmotic shock
- 231. UV-A absorbing compound present in marine cyanobacteria is:
 - (a) a-glucoside
 - (b) a-galactoside
 - (c) Biopterin glucoside
 - (d) Biopterin galactoside
- 232. Members of luminous Vibrio sp. communicate with each other by:
 - (a) Conjugation
 - (b) Recombination
 - (c) Quorum sensing
 - (d) Secreting Pheromones
- 233. The only naturally transformable marine cyanobacteria is:
 - (a) Agmenellum sp.
 - (b) Spirulina sp.
 - (c) Oscillatoria sp.
 - (d) Nostoc sp.
- 234. Most of the cyanobacterial plasmids are:
 - (a) Relaxed
 - (b) R plasmids
 - (c) Stringent
 - (d) Cryptic
- 235. Which of the following is **NOT** an epibiont?
 - (a) Barnacles
 - (b) Bryozoans
 - (c) Sea anemone
 - (d) Mussels
- 236. Which of the following peptides showing anti-tumoractivity is isolated from marine organism?
 - (a) Saxitoxin
 - (b) Tetradotoxin
 - (c) Ecteinascidin
 - (d) Dolostatin
- 237. The clown fish shows mutualism with:
 - (a) Sea urchin
 - (b) Sea cucumber
 - (c) Sea anemone
 - (d) Hermit crab
- 238. Which of the following cell cycle regulatory proteins was first identified in marine invertebrates?
 - (a) p53
 - (b) Cyclins
 - (c) P27
 - (d) Cyclin dependent kinase
- 239. Gene coding for luminescence in marine luminescent bacteria is:
 - (a) luxR
 - (b) toxR
 - (c) recA

- (d) Luciferase
- 240. Red fluorescent protein used in the development of transgenic ornamental fish was isolated from
 - (a) Star fish
 - (b) Sponges
 - (c) Red algae
 - (d) Corals
- 241. Leydig's organ in cartilaginous fishes is for:
 - (a) Sensation
 - (b) Respiration
 - (c) Immunity
 - (d) Reproduction
- 242. Melanosis in shrimps occurs due to the activity of:
 - (a) Phenol oxidase
 - (b) Alpha-glucosidase
 - (c) Prophenol oxidase
 - (d) All the above
- 243. The best source for salt tolerant gene is:
 - (a) Fishes
 - (b) Mangroves
 - (c) Seaweeds
 - (d) Bacteria
- 244. Water resistant bio adhesives are produced by:
 - (a) Seaweeds
 - (b) Mangroves
 - (c) Mussels
 - (d) Sea anemones
- 245. What kind of proteins are synthesized in marine algae in response to metal stress?
 - (a) Metalloprotease
 - (b) Phytochelatins
 - (c) Metallothioneins
 - (d) Phycobilins
- 246. The commercially available marine-derived anticancer drug is:
 - (a) Vincristine
 - (b) Carboplastin
 - (c) Vinblastin
 - (d) Ara C
- 247. Which of the following is a marine pollution monitoring programme?
 - (a) Bird watch programme
 - (b) Mussel watch programme
 - (c) Fish watch programme
 - (d) Bay of Bengal programme
- 248. The viral infection in shrimp is caused by:
 - (a) HSV
 - (b) WSSV
 - (c) HIV
 - (d) HPV
- 249. Alginate is obtained from:
 - (a) Brown algae
 - (b) Green algae
 - (c) Red algae
 - (d) Blue green algae

250. General Economic Zone distance is:

- (a) 500 nautical miles
- (b) 200 nautical miles
- (c) 300 nautical miles
- (d) 100 nautical miles

DBT-BET-JRF 2009 ANSWER KEY

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1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
b	d	С	b	b	b	С	b	d	d	а	С	С	С	d	С	С	b	b	d
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
а	С	b	а	d	d	С	С	b	а	b	a	а	а	С	С	b	С	С	а
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
d	С	a	С	d	а	b	b	b	b	С	b	b	b	b	С	С	b	С	b
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
b	b	а	С	а	а	С	d	а	d	a	а	d	С	С	а	а	а	а	С
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
b	d	С	С	d	d	С	С	b	b	b	а	d	а	С	d	а	d	d	b
101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120
b	b	b	b	b	а	b	С	С	а	С	d	b	С	b	b	С	d	С	b
121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140
b	d	d	d	b	а	а	С	b	b	С	а	b	а	а	С	d	С	d	d
141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160
а	а	d	d	a	С	b	С	С	b	b	а	d	d	С	b	d	С	b	b
161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180
d	С	d	d	b	а	а	b	а	b	U	а	С	d	b	b	d	C	а	а
181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200
d	а	d	С	b	b	а	C	С	d	d	b	b	С	а	d	а	С	b	b
201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209	210	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220
b	а	U	С	а	а	C	а	а	С	d	d	а	а	а	С	С	d	b	а
221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228	229	230	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239	240
а	b	С	b	С	b	а	d	d	d	С	С	а	d	С	d	С	b	а	d
241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250						37		J.		
С	а	b	С	b	d	b	b	а	b					ij	1				